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# The People's Press.

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## The People's Press.

**L. V. & E. T. BLUM,**
**PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.**

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### AN ACT

**To Establish a Department of Agriculture, Immigration and Statistics, and for the Encouragement of Sheep Husbandry.**

*The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact:*

Section 1. A Department of Agriculture, Immigration and Statistics, as provided in Section 17, Article 3 of the Constitution, is hereby created and established, which shall be under the control and supervision of a Board which shall be constituted as follows, to wit: The Governor, who shall be ex-officio chairman; the State Geologist, the Master of the State Grange Patrons of Husbandry, the President of the State Agricultural Society, and the President of the Agricultural College of the State, and two agriculturists (who shall be appointed by the Board so as to keep the representation of the different sections of the State as nearly equal as may be,) and their successors in office.

Sec. 2. The Board shall meet for the transaction of business in the city of Raleigh as often as they may deem expedient, but at least twice in each year. They shall receive no compensation, but shall be allowed, except the Governor, the State Geologist, and President of the Agricultural College, the sum of three dollars *per diem* for their personal expenses while engaged in the duties of the Board, not exceeding fifteen days in any one year.

Sec. 3. The Board shall appoint and prescribe the duties and regulate the pay of the Commissioner of Agriculture, who shall be an agriculturist; and they shall, also, whenever they deem it necessary, have power to employ a secretary, and prescribe his duties.

Sec. 4. The Board shall be empowered to hold in trust, and exercise control over donations or bequests made to them for promoting the interests or purposes of this Act.

Sec. 5. They may prescribe forms for, and regulate the returns of such county Agricultural Societies as may be chartered by the State, and furnish such blanks as may be necessary to secure uniform and reliable statistics of their operations.

Sec. 6. In order to facilitate the collection of reliable statistics, it is made the duty of the Secretary of State to prepare and send to the county Commissioners of the several counties, who shall distribute to each person in the county, whose duty it is to list the taxable property thereof, blanks prepared according to the directions of the Department of Agriculture; and the persons listing the taxes as aforesaid shall require each citizen at the time of listing his taxable property to give in likewise the amount of his productions for the previous year, as far as practicable, without oath, which blanks, when completed, shall be returned to the Board of County Commissioners, who shall collate the same in one blank form and transmit the same to the Commissioner of Agriculture, on or before the first day of November in each year.

Sec. 7. The Board shall investigate such subjects relating to the improvement of Agriculture; and for the inducement of immigration and capital, as they may think proper, but they are especially charged—

1st. With such investigations as may seem best adapted to promote the improvement and extension of sheep husbandry, and shall collect and publish from time to time, all available statistics on the subject, and shall suggest to the General Assembly such measures as may be useful for the encouragement of this industry, and more particularly for the suppression of the ravages of dogs.

2nd. With investigations relating to the diseases of cattle and other domestic animals, and shall publish and distribute, from time to time, circulars of information relative to any contagious diseases of stock, and shall have power in such cases to quarantine infected animals, and to regulate the transportation of stock in this State, or from one section of it to another, and any person wilfully violating such regulations shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

3rd. With investigations relating to the ravages of insects and with the dissemination of such information as may be deemed essential for their abatement.

4th. With investigations and experiments directed to the introduction and fostering of new agricultural industries adapted to the various climates and soils of this State, especially the culture of silk, the sugar beet, the grape and other fruits.

5th. With the investigation of the subject of drainage and irrigation, and shall publish circulars of information as to the best methods, and formula of both and what surfaces, soils and localities may be most benefited by such improvements; also, with the collection and publication of information in regard to localities, character, accessibility, cost and modes of utilization of native mineral and other domestic sources, of fertilizers, including formula for composting, adapted to different crops, soils and materials.

6th. With the collection of statistics relating to the subject of fences, with suggestions for diminishing their cost, and the conditions under which they may be dispensed with altogether.

7th. With the supervision of all measures for the protection, propogation and culture of fish in the rivers and other inland waters of this State, and to this end they shall at once provide for stocking all available waters of the State with the most approved breeds of fishes, and shall avail themselves of such aid as the Fish Commission of the United States may be induced to extend and they shall enquire into and report upon the practicability of constructing fish-ways, wire-dams and other obstructions in the waters of the State, and secure as far as practicable the co-operation of mill owners; they shall select proper locations for the hatching and care of the young fish, and shall provide the necessary hatching houses and such appliances as may be needed, and employ such labor as may be necessary to this end; and they may appoint agents at such convenient points to aid them in the distribution and hatching, protection of the ova and young fish, provided, such agents shall receive no compensation.

8th. They shall transmit to the General Assembly at each session a report of the operations of said department, together with suggestions of such legislation as may be needful, and it shall be the duty of the Board to prosecute all offenders against the laws which have been or may be passed, in this behalf, and they shall endeavor to secure the co-operation of adjoining States to remove obstructions in the passage of fish in these rivers or streams which are partly in this State and partly in such adjoining States.

9th. With the enforcement and supervision of the laws and regulations which are, or may be, enacted in this State for the sale of commercial fertilizers and seeds.

Sec. 8. That no manipulated guano, super phosphate or other commercial fertilizer, shall be sold, or offered for sale in this State, until the manufacturer or person importing the same, shall first obtain a license therefor from the Treasurer of the State, for which shall be paid a privilege tax of five hundred dollars per annanum for each separate brand or quality, and he shall also pay a tax of fifty cents per ton for every ton sold. Any person, corporation, or company, who shall violate the provisions of this act, or who shall sell, or offer for sale, any such fertilizer, contrary to the provisions above set forth, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be fined and imprisoned at the discretion of the court.

Sec. 9. And every bag, barrel, or other package of such fertilizer as above designated, offered for sale in this State, shall have thereon a plainly printed label or stamp, which shall truly set forth the name, location, and trade-mark of the manufacturer, also the chemical composition of the contents of such package, and the real percentage of any of the following ingredients asserted to be present, to-wit; soluble and precipitated phosphoric acid, soluble potassa, ammonia, or its equivalent in nitrogen, together with the date of its analyzation, and that the privilege tax provided for in section eight has been paid; and any such fertilizer as shall be ascertained by analysis not to contain the ingredients and per centage set forth as provided, shall be liable to seizure and condemnation, and when condemned shall be sold by the Board of Agriculture for the exclusive use and benefit of the Department of Agriculture. Any merchant, trader, manufacturer, or agent, who shall sell or offer for sale, any commercial fertilizer without having such labels and stamps, as herein provided, attached thereto, shall be liable to a fine of ten dollars for each separate bag, barrel or package sold or offered for sale, to be sued for before any Justice of the Peace, and to be collected by the sheriff by distress or otherwise, one-half, less the cost, to go to the party suing, and the remaining half to the Department; and if any such fertilizer shall be condemned, as herein provided, it shall be the duty of the Department to have an analysis made of the same, and cause printed tags or labels, expressing the true chemical ingredients of the same, put upon each bag or barrel or package, and shall fix the commercial value thereof at which it may be sold. And any person who shall sell, or offer for sale, any such fertilizers, in violation of the provisions of this section, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 10. The Department of Agriculture shall have power and authority, at all times, to have collected samples of any commercial fertilizers offered for sale in this State, and have the same analyzed; and such samples shall be taken from at least ten per cent. of the lot from which they may be selected.

Sec. 11. It shall be lawful for the Department of Agricultural to require the officers, agents or managers of any railroad or steamboat company, transporting fertilizers in this State, to furnish monthly statements of the quantity of fertilizers, with the name of the consignor or consignee, delivered on their respective lines, at any and all points within this State. And said Department is hereby empowered to compel said officers, agents or managers to submit their books for examination, if found expedient so to do; and any such agent, officers or managers failing or refusing to comply shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 12. The Department of Agriculture shall establish, in connection with the Chemical Laboratory of the University of Chapel Hill, an Agricultural Experimiment and Fertilizer, Central Station, and the Board of Trustees of the University, with the approval of the Department of Agriculture, shall employ an Analyst skilled in Agricultural Chemistry. It shall be the duty of said chemist to analyize such fertilizers and products as may be required by the Department of Agriculture, and to aid so far as practicable in suppressing fraud in the sale of commercial fertilizers. He shall also, under the direction of said Department, carry on experiments on the nutrition and growth of plants, with a view to ascertain what fertilizers are best suited to the various crops of this State, and whether other crops may not be advantageously grown on its soils, and shall carry on such other investigations as the said Department may direct. He shall make regular reports to the said Department of all analyses and experiments made, which shall be furnished, when deemed useful, to such newspapers as will publish the same. Said chemist shall be subject to the rules and regulations of the university Laboratory, and the other rules and regulations of the University, and his salary shall be paid out of the funds of the Department of Agriculture.

Sec. 13. The Geological Survey is hereby made and constituted a co-operative department with the Department of Agriculture and the Geological Museum and the collections therein, shall, at all times, be accessible to the said Department. The Geologist shall, as far as practicable, prepare illustrations of the agricultural industries, products, and resources of the State, and arrange and care for such collections as the said Department may make for this purpose. He shall also prepare abstracts of the Survey, from time to time, as may be required for the use of the Department, in their hand book and circulars for publication, in illustration of the advantages of this State, and in promotion of the general purposes of immigration. In return for such service, the State Geologist may have all his samples of marls, soils, minerals and other products, analyzed by the chemist, at the Laboratory of the Experiment Station free of charge.

Sec. 14. It is hereby made the duty of the State Geologist, upon the recommendation of the Board of Trustees of the University, to devote two months, in each year, at the sent of the University, in the performance of such duties in instruction as the Faculty may direct, and while employed in this capacity he shall constitute a member of the Faculty.

Sec. 15. The Department shall, as soon as practicable, prepare a convenient hand book, with the necessary illustrative maps, which shall contain all necessary information as to the mines, minerals, forests, soils, climates, waters and water-powers, fisheries, mountains, swamps, industry and all such statistics as are best adapted to give proper information of the attractions and advantages which this State affords to immigrants, and shall make illustrative exposition thereof whenever practicable at international exhibitions

Sec. 16. The said Department shall be authorized, in the interest of immigration, to employ an agent or agents at such points, in this or any foreign country, as they may deem expedient and desirable.

Sec. 17. The said Department is authorized and directed to establish and keep in its office, in the City of Raleigh, a General Land and Mining Registry, wherein shall be recorded (if the ownership shall so request) all the farming, or other lands offered for sale in this State, with a brief and truthful description of the same. And the Department shall act as agent for the sale or disposition of such property as may be registered as herein before provided, and shall sell or dispose of such property upon the terms and conditions as stated and fixed by the owner thereof; and the Department shall be allowed the sum of one dollar for registration, and two and one-half per cent commission on gross amount of said transaction. The said Department shall have authority to contract for and hold bodies of land, for the settlement of colonies, with exclusive control of the sale of the same at such prices, and for such a period as may be agreed upon by the owner thereof.

Sec. 18. That no person, company or corporation, being non-residents of this State, shall catch fish by seins, nets or other appliances for taking fish in large quantities, in any waters within the jurisdiction of this State, without first obtaining therefor a license from the Public Treasurer, for which he, or they, shall pay a privilege tax of one thousand dollars per annum, and any such person or persons who shall violate the provisions of this section shall forfeit and pay the sum of two hundred dollars for each day engaged in fishing as aforesaid, to be collected by the sheriff of the county wherein such violation may be committed, and shall also be guilty of a misdemeanor. And any citizen who shall form an alliance or co-partnership with a non-resident for the purpose of evading any of the provisions of this act, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be fined and imprisoned at the discretion of the Court, and the nets, seins, or appliances of such persons or firms shall be liable to seizure and confiscation for the benefit of the Department of Agriculture.

Sec. 19. That every person, firm or corporation, who shall sell or offer for sale any commercial fertilizer of whatever nature, shall give in, under oath, to the Register of Deeds for the county, on the first Monday of January, April, July and October in each year, the number of tons of such fertilizers he or they may have sold for himself on commission, or as agent, during the preceding quarter, subject to all the provisions, pains and penalties contained in Schedule B of the Revenue Laws of the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-seven, for which he shall pay a privilege tax of fifty cents per ton, to be collected by the sheriff; Provided, That no person shall be liable to such tax on fertilizers purchased from another person, on which this tax has already been paid; and, Provided further, That no dealer or agent shall be required to pay the purchase tax as imposed in Schedule B of the Revenue Act.

Sec. 20. Any farmer, trader or other person who shall haul or bring into this State any commercial fertilizer, in violation or evasion of section 8 of this act, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction, shall be fined not less than ten dollars or imprisoned for not more than thirty days for each offense; and any farmer or other person who may buy without the State any commercial fertilizer on which the privilege tax of five hundred dollars, as provided in section 8 of this act, has been paid, shall be required to report all such purchases to the Register of Deeds for the county, and pay the privilege tax of fifty cents per ton, as required of dealers, or be subject to the same pains and penalties as herein imposed upon dealers in fertilizers, Provided, That no county, town or other corporation shall be allowed to tax any of the privileges or subjects herein taxed by the State; Provided, That the provisions of this section and section 17 of this act shall not apply to any of the counties in this State west of the Blue Ridge.

Sec. 21. It is hereby made the duty of the said Department of Agriculture to receive from any manufacturer or dealer in fertilizers any specimen quantities, not less than a fourth of a ton, contributed by such party, and have the same sent to different sections of the State for actual experiment by practical farmers; and the person so experimenting shall be required to make a careful report of the results, which shall be registered in the office of said Department, and a certified copy of the same shall be transmitted to the contributor.

Sec. 22. That all moneys arising from the tax or licenses, from fines and forfeitures, fees for registration and sale of lands, not herein otherwise provided for, shall be paid into the State Treasury, and shall be kept in a separate account by the Treasurer, as a fund for the exclusive use and benefit of the Department of Agriculture; and until such fund can be made available, as aforesaid, the Treasurer shall loan to said Department, out of any moneys not otherwise appropriated, upon the warrant of the Governor, the sum of five thousand dollars per annum, for two years from this date, which sum shall be refunded to the Treasury by the first day of March, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-nine.

Sec. 23. This act shall be in force from and after its ratification, but the tax, forfeitures and penalties herein prescribed, concerning the sale of commercial fertilizers, shall not be enforced against any parties in the sale of any such fertilizers now on hand in this State; Provided, said parties shall render to the Governor, on or before the first day of April, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-seven, under oath, taken before any person authorized to administer the same, an itemized statement of all such fertilizers, giving brand, name, manufacturer and number of tons of same, and obtain a license for the sale thereof as herein provided; Provided, that this act shall not apply to purchases already made.

Read three times and ratified in General Assembly, this 12th day of March, 1877.

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AN ACT SUPPLEMENTAL TO AN ACT TO ACT TO ESTABLISH A DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, IMMIGRATION AND STATISTICS.

*The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact:*

Sec. 1. That an Act entitled an Act to establish a Department of Agriculture, Immigration and Statistics, and for the encouragement of Sheep Husbandry, be and the same is hereby corrected and amended by striking out in Section eight, of said Act, the words, "And he shall also pay a tax of fifty cents per ton for every ton sold."

Sec. 2. That this Act shall be in force from and after its ratification.

Read three times and ratified in General Assembly, this 12th day of March, 1877.

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### To the Farmers of North Carolina.

It is with sincere pleasure that we are able to announce the completion of the organization of the *Board of Agriculture, Immigration and Statistics*, and for the encouragement of *Sheep Husbandry*.

In accordance with the requirements of the Constitution, the recent Legislature passed a liberal act, under which this Board has been established, with the following members, viz:

Z. B. VANCE, Governor and ex-officio Chairman.

W. C. KEIR, State Geologist and ex-officio member of the Board.

K. P. BATTLE, President of the State Agricultural College and ex-officio member of the Board;

T. M. HOLT, President of the State Agricultural Society and ex-officio member of the Board.

S. B. ALEXANDER, Master of the State Grange, P. of H., and ex-officio member of the Board.

J. R. THIGPEN, of Edgecombe county, and JONATHAN EVANS, of Cumberland county.

L. L. POLK, of Anson, Commissioner.

Office of the Department, in the Briggs Building, on Fayetteville street, Raleigh.

This Department has now entered upon the great work for which it was created—the improvement and advancement of the agricultural and all kindred industries of the State, and we bespeak the indulgent aid of all our fellow-citizens in the arduous task imposed upon us.

A competent Chemist has been selected, who will, in a few days, open a Laboratory at Chapel Hill for the analysis of commercial fertilizers, soils, &c., and performing such other duties and experiments as the Board may direct.

A summary of the law in relation to the sale of fertilizers and the propagation and protection of fish, and also a circular explanatory of the plan by which the General Land and Mining Registry, connected with the Department, is proposed to be operated, will be published as soon as practicable for the public information, and we invoke, in support of these important measures, an earnest co-operation in their enforcement and obedience.

The tax imposed upon the sale of commercial fertilizers has a two-fold object in view: the one suppresses, as far as practicable, the imposition of dishonest articles upon our people; and the other to aid in raising revenue for the support of the Department, without addition to the general tax bills. So far, both objects seem in a fair way of realization.

The fund arising from this source will certainly be ample to establish and maintain the Department on a useful and most effective footing, and it is with great regret that no perceive attempts to render the people dissatisfied with the tax. The requirements of the law are plain, and their faithful enforcement will afford, as was designed by their enactment, protection alike to the purchaser and manufacturer of honest fertilizers.

Each bag, parcel or package, must have stamped upon it a true chemical analysis of its contents, and surely no manufacturer would object to availing himself of this method of assuring the farmer of the true character and value of his goods, especially as it would serve the double purpose of commending it to the buyer, and force competitors in spurious goods to abandon the market. But, as was to be expected, quite a number of manufacturers are opposing it violently. A grand combination is openly forming, chiefly in the city of Baltimore, to test its validity in the United States Courts, and to aid their scheme, by producing as much discontent as possible at home, they are advancing their prices at the rate of one dollar per ton, to enable them, they say, to pay the $500 privilege tax. When it is remembered that the enormious profits realized by manufacturers justify them in paying to their dealers and agents, the handsome sum of from five to ten dollars per ton, on sales, and this advance of one dollar would, to many of them, yield $5,000, instead of $500, it can be easily seen that it is a mere pretense to bleed more heavily our confiding people.

North Carolina has long been the richest harvest for these dealers in fertilizers—honest and dishonest—because we have heretofore been practically unprotected by law, and have bought their productions blindly.

There is but one way to deal with those who reap all the benefits of our credulity, and resist in this way all our efforts at self-protection, and that is—*not to trade with them.* Our purchases in fertilizers amount, by estimation, to three millions of dollars annually, about two-thirds of which go to the city of Baltimore.—There are some manufacturers, there and elsewhere, who have paid the tax cheerfully, and have refused to aid combinations in resisting our laws. If you will buy of them only, the trouble will cease. Their names and addresses will be published for your information as soon as the list is completed.

Farmers of North Carolina, we ask you to sustain this Department. It is the first attempt in the history of the State to give your interests that attention their importance demands, and with evidences of appreciation on your part, the Board will be greatly encouraged in the responsible duties before them, and will devote whatever of ability and energy they possess to your service and to the promotion of the material interests of our State.

It is the earnest desire of the Board to utilize this auspicious opportunity for placing our State on the road to assured prosperity; to settle thrifty immigrants on our unoccupied lands; to bring forth the mineral riches of our hills; to employ our vast water power in the service of manufactures; to cover our mountain slopes with orchard and dairy farms; to adorn our midland hills and eastern plains with vineyards; to stock our streams with fish, and infuse new life and intelligence into agriculture and all its kindred pursuits. Be not deterred by any species of intimidation adopted by those who would strike down this, our first effort to elevate and advance the great controlling interests of our people, earnestly and unitedly resolve that it shall have a fair trial, and see if we cannot save to our people the millions annually spent for worthless compounds, called by some high-sounding name. Ignorance is the most grievous tax under which we labor, and no price is too great to pay for that knowledge which, while protecting us against imposition, infuses into our agricultural masses a spirit of enterprise and progress.

By order of the Board.

L. L. POLK, *Commissioner.*

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### Death of a Hermit.

On Friday last Austin Sheldon, the Pike county (Pa.) hermit, was found on top of one of the mountains dead, in a ten-feet snow drift. He had lived over forty years in a cave in the rocks, near the entrance of which his body was found. Sheldon was nearly seventy-two years old. He was discovered in his cave thirty years ago by hunters. He said he had been living there ten years, and had not seen any human beings in that time. About a year ago a brother and sister of the hermit, from Connecticut, both wealthy, went to his abode and endeavored in every way to get him to return to his friends. It was of no avail. Sheldon had lost his wife after a brief married life, and disappeared on the day of the burial. He was not heard of until last year. Sheldon lived on game, fish, roots and berries. At the time of his death his form was much bent. The clothing that hung in rags and tatters from his person had been donned twenty-two years ago and never taken off. It was held together by hickory withes. He never washed. A thick gray beard that hung almost to the waist, and hair of the same color hanging over his shoulders, was matted with burs and twigs, and had not been touched with comb or brush for forty-five years. Sheldon was an educated man. His family is among the leading ones of Connecticut.

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The Hot Springs property in Arkansas, which the Supreme Court has decided belongs to the United States, is valued at $5,000,000. It will take the commission appointed to survey and appraise the property, a year to complete their labors.

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Take care to be an economist in prosperity; there is no fear of your being one in adversity.

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### The Telephone!

The experiments made with the telephone, by its inventor, in the transmission of musical sounds, shows a wonderful capacity, not only to transmit a succession of musical notes, forming an air or melody, but to transmit composite tones, each tone being received by a reed corresponding to the vibrations required to form the tone. Not only are the tones transmitted perfectly, but the character they acquire from the instrument originating them. The notes of the violin are distinct from those of the 'cello, and these again from those of the bass-viol, and so on through the whole range of instrumentation. It is true that up to this time no telephone has been constructed capable of receiving more than sixteen tones or notes, but there is no limit so far as discovered of the range of tones beyond which a receiving instrument can not go; nor does it appear that there is a limit to the distance of successful transmission. Conversation has been readily carried on at stations six miles apart, and a song sung by a young lady at one end of the telephone, was perfectly re-produced at the other, so that those listening at a distance of six miles were at least as highly entertained as those sitting in the room where the young lady was.

These are very wonderful achievements, and yet the invention is only in its infancy. To what revelations may it not lead? As the introduction of steam and its application to modes of transportation has put an end to the slower and cumberous methods of the coach and the sailing vessel, so the telephone may at no distant day revolutionize social intercourse and entertainment.

The Telephone, it now appears, is of North Carolina origin, invented by Dr. James Davis of Salisbury, formerly of Fayetteville. In a communication to the Raleigh *Observer*, Dr. Davis says:

"My apparatus was even more perfect than that of Messrs. Gray and Bell, inasmuch as it could write or register the sounds in a distinct language, a thing which they have not yet accomplished. My invention covers the changing of all vibrations into electrical, and the restoring of them again into air vibrations or waves, as is done by these inventors. I have overcome some of the difficulties which they encountered. My apparatus is more perfect than that which they exhibit. My state of health alone has prevented my proceeding to establish my claim, to which I can bring many witnesses."

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### The Mystery Unravelled—A Most Diabolical Crime.

NEW YORK, April 9.—The *Times* has published from authentic sources the true story of the explosion revealing the diabolical crime perpetrated. Orville D. Jewett was admitted to the firm, of which his father, when alive was a member, six or seven years ago, simply because of that relationship. He has been somewhat wild and paid little attention to business, which seems not to have been to his taste. He has been absent the past winter yachting at Bermuda, and on his return recently expressed a desire to withdraw from the firm. His partners did not wish to make any change in the business, and opposed his retiring, but he persisted in the determination, and finally became so disagreeable that they conceded his request and agreed to pay him $200,000 for his interest. The necessary papers were drawn up, and were to have been signed to-day. Young Jewett, probably crazed with liquor came to the office armed with a hand grenade, a pistol and a dirk. Some angry words passed, and he pulled the grenade from his pocket and threw it on the floor. The explosion followed. The uncle was killed, his own legs broken, and he received three terrible wounds in his abdomen. He then drew a pistol and attempted to shoot himself through the head, but his aim was ineffective. He died this evening in the hospital. Dean, who was injured by the explosion, is understood not to be in a dangerous condition.

Mr. Joseph Dean was visited at his residence, No. 14 Waverly Place, to-night, and found to be in a very comfortable condition. He received a severe wound on the left thigh, and also right forearm. Judge Lathrop received all callers and represented Mr. Dean. He says that previous to the explosion Mr. Geo. W. and Orville Jewett were in his office quietly conversing about the dissolution of the partnership which had previously been agreed upon, and which Mr. Dean had proposed to purchase Orville's interest, paying therefor about $200,000. Mr. Dean was sitting at the desk busily engaged in writing up the books, as articles of dissolution were to have been signed and the money paid over at noon to-day.

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### Interesting Information.

We are indebted to Hon. A. S. Merrimon for a copy of the last annual report of the Post-Master General from which we glean the following interesting facts:

The government pays the Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad $5,226 annually for carrying the mail, being $55 per mile. The W. & W. Railroad receives $28,886 for carrying the mail from Weldon to Wilmington and over the Tarboro Branch road, being $172 per mile over the first and $50 per mile over the Branch Road.—The Richmond & Danville Road receives $25,028.25, being $75 per mile for the section from Goldsboro to Greensboro and $164 per mile from Greensboro to Charlotte. The Raleigh & Gaston Road is paid $7,275, or $75 per mile. The Carolina Central $10,431.30 for carrying the mail on the road from Wilmington to Charlotte. The Western North Carolina Road $6,687.67 from Salisbury to Henry's. All the smaller roads not named receive $50 per mile, excepting the Road from Charlotte to Statesville which is paid only $45 per mile.—*Goldsboro Messenger.*

# The People's Press.

*SALEM, N. C.*

THURSDAY. APRIL 19, 1877.



## JOB PRINTING.

Persons wishing PAMPHLETS, POSTERS, DODGERS, CARDS, BILL HEADS or anything in the printing line executed, will find it to their interest to call at the SALEM PRINTING OFFICE.


The war cloud in Europe is thickening.

PEARSON'S LAW SCHOOL has 24 students.

The Indians are said to be again on the war path.

☞ See first page for the act to establish a Department of Agriculture, &c.

R. T. JOYCE, of Danbury, has been appointed General Storekeeper for this district.

THE COLLECTION OF REVENUE for this district for the quarter ending with March, amounts to $160,407.50.

REV. C. F. DEEMS, of New York, will deliver the annual sermon at Chapel Hill Commencement, in June.

DEPUTY COLLECTORS.—Collector Charles S. Winstead has appointed James M. Winstead, Thos. M. Owen, H. N. Snow, S. P. Satterfield, Jas. Martin, Chas. A. Reynolds, Jas. R. Bulla, Thos. W. Vincent and J. W. Corsble deputy collectors for this district. All other deputations are revoked.

### Latest from Washington.

There are nine hundred persons employed in the bureau of printing and engraving—two hundred are to be discharged Wednesday and three hundred on the 1st of May.

Hereafter all appointments of railroad post-office clerks, route agents, and mail messengers will be made on probation of six months.

Notwithstanding the outside pressure of leading Radicals, it is said, President Hayes will not flinch, but stand firm and will try to carry out his Southern policy, in spite of opposition. His administration has made a fair beginning, let us await farther progress.

## SOUTH CAROLINA.

It will be seen from articles in another column, that Chamberlain has changed his mind and concluded to surrender his claims to the Governorship of South Carolina to Governor Hampton. Of course, every thing is now peaceable and quiet in South Carolina, and a new era of prosperity is dawning for that State.—The good citizens of South Carolina are rejoicing and making arrangements to commence life anew.

Governor Hampton has issued his proclamation convening an extra session of the Legislature on the 24th inst.

## LOUISIANA.

It is now more than probable, that the Louisiana controversy is practically settled and at an end. As it was done in South Carolina, the troops will be withdrawn from New Orleans, but the time is not yet stated.

The New York *Tribune's* special says: The controversy is practically settled, but two or three days is required to arrange details. The compromise is, the Legislature to be organized upon *prima facie* right to seats, disregarding the action of Wells, Anderson & Co.

"This theoretically leaves the gubernatorial question open, but practically inaugurates Nicholls."

WAR IN EUROPE.—Much as war is to be depricated, a gigantic foreign war, which is imminent, and may involve other nations, besides Russia and Turkey, will have the effect to stimulate commerce and other industrial pursuits in this country. The New York *Herald* says:—"It is speculated that the opportunities a great war will give for the use of capital in Europe will put an enormous quantity of our bonds, now held abroad, on the market, send them home at depreciated prices. However that may be, the advantage we will derive from stimulated commerce and industry will greatly outweigh any disadvantage that is possible.—Whole populations, in Europe, withdrawn from the fields and the workshops will make a market for our grain and other products and for our manufactures, especially of war material. Hence must come good prices, plenty of money and solid prosperity to the whole people such as they have not seen for half a lifetime."

Already we have the effect of war rumors on the grain market. Speculative operations in Baltimore, in consequence of the foreign war rumors gave additional animation to the excited grain market, and sales of corn on the 13th amounted to 900,000 bushels, the largest by 200,000 bushels ever sold in that market in one day.

AMERICAN INVENTIVE PROGRESS.—Under this heading the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN of May 7th has a long and interesting article, from which we make the following extracts:

To show with what rapidity inventors made improvements embodying original principles, says the the writer, it may be noted that in the early days of the sewing machine 116 patents were granted for improvements thereon in a single year; and out of the 2,910 patents issued in the year 1857, 152 were for improved cotton gins and presses, 164 for improvements on the steam engine, and 198 for novel devices relating to railroads and improvements in the rolling stock. In the year 1848, three years after the publication of this paper was commenced, but 660 patents were granted; but under the stimulus of publishing those inventions as they were patented, ten years later, in 1858, the number had increased sixfold, reaching 3,710, while up to January 1, 1850, as already stated, the aggregate of patents issued amounted to 17,467; since that time and up to the present the total is 181,015.

And curiosity here leads us (adds the editor) to review our own work extending back, say twenty years, or to 1857, a period during which 170,745 patents have been issued. We find, by actual count, that 82,062 applications have been made through the Scientific American Patent Agency, for Patents in the United States and abroad. This averages almost ten applications per day, Sundays excluded, over the entire period, and bears the relation of more than one quarter to the total number of patents issued in this country up to the time of writing.

### Bank of Cape Fear.

Greensboro *Patriot:* The suit of Harvey Terry against the stockholders of the Bank of Cape Fear, which has been pending in the United States Court for some years, was on Tuesday decided by Judges Bond and Dick. R. H. Battle, of Raleigh, and Thos. B. Keogh, appeared for Terry, the plaintiff. The stockholders were represented by W. N. H. Smith, of Raleigh, and W. H. Bailey, of Charlotte. The Court held that the stockholders are liable to the creditors of the Bank for double the amount of the stock held by them.

The *North State* has the following upon this subject, as being the essential points:

"That the stockholders of the corporation known as the President and Directors of 'The Bank of Cape Fear,' are liable to the creditors thereof according to the shares of stock held by them, in double the amount of their respective shares of stock in said bank; the liability of each stockholder to be a sum bearing the same ratio to the entire indebtedness of the bank, which the number of shares held by them respectively bears to the number of shares constituting the entire capital stock."

APPLETON'S JOURNAL, for May, gives the second paper on the "Austrian Arctic Expedition," the interest of which greatly exceeds that of the first paper. It is, indeed, one of the most entertaining and thrilling records of arctic adventure that have appeared for a long time. The article is fully illustrated. Constance Fenimore Woolson has a story of early Virginia colonial life, that is strikingly original in its incidents and method. Another short story, by Matilda Joslyn Gage, entitled "The Walking-Fern," is of American village-life; it has some good characterization and unhackneyed incidents. Julian Hawthorne, under the title of "The Great White Wall," describes in his own characteristic and effective style, features of the English south coast. There is a paper by Mr. Eggleston on the peculiar religious sects in Russia, derived from Wallace's and Hepworth Dixon's recent books on that country. Mr. George M. Towle gleans some of the best points in Harriet Martineau's autobiography; Lucy Hooper explains the intricate laws of Parisian etiquette; and Mrs. Church discusses seasonably the making of country and city gardens. There are poems by Stoddard, John Moron, and Nora Perry, the one by the latter being accompanied by an admirable illustration from the pencil of Alfred Fredericks. The serial "Cherry Ripe!" deepens in dramatic interest. The editorial departments are as full as usual.

### Important Decisions.

The Raleigh papers publish two decisions of State Treasurer Worth in regard to the operations of schedule B of the Revenue act, which are of such importance that we republish them in full. First in regard to the tax on sewing machines, stoves, &c., the Treasurer says:

Peddlers of sewing machines and stoves pay taxes, the former under section 21, the latter under section 22, Schedule B, to which your attention is called; the mere fact of stoves being mentioned specifically in section 22 does not exclude the idea of taxation of peddlers of sewing machines under the general peddlers' section, (21.)

The taxes under schedule B are in addition to the *ad valorem* tax on the merchandise on hand 1st day of June, so that in addition to peddlers' tax, you would have to pay *ad valorem* tax on machines or stoves on hand 1st of June. See preamble of schedule B.

I have endenvored to answer your direct questions in giving this plain construction of the law.

The other is in regard to the time that taxes imposed by section 12, Schedule B take effect. On this point the following decision is given:

I am of opinion that the two taxes must be taken as separate and distinct.

The tax of five dollars is due from the 12th day of March, 1877, the date of the ratification of the act, is payable annually. It is also payable by merchants on commencement of business. The tax of one-tenth of one per cent, operates from the 1st day of January, 1877, as that was the last date to which merchants listed their purchases under the former law.

### The St. Louis Fire.

The Southern Hotel, of St. Louis, a six story building was burned at 2 o'clock on the morning of the 11th inst. Many were killed and crippled in jumping from the third, fourth and fifth story windows. The shrieking women and men crowded the windows whom it seemed impossible to save. A few were rescued by ladders. Searching for the dead among the ruins was going on next day. Loss on building and contents from about $750,000 to one million.

At first it was feared some fifty lives were lost, but so far as now ascertained, the number who lost their lives in the flames is 11 or 12.

About twenty of the employees were still unaccounted for on the 13th, but it is believed that they are alive, either with friends in remote parts of the city or have left town. Of the guests thirty-eight have not reported, but the reasonable presumption is that most of them left the city the day following the fire, or have since departed.

The following is one of the incidents of the fire:

THE END OF A BRIDAL TOUR.

One of the most melancholy events of the great fire transpired about 7 o'clock this morning. Our readers will remember the particulars published in all the daily papers, of the aristocratic wedding, the parties being Mr. Munster, of England, and the daughter of Dr. Henry C. Lynch, which took place three months ago. The happy couple travelled until within the past two weeks, when they returned to the city and were occupying rooms at the Southern when the alarm of fire was given. In the din and confusion of the fire, Mr. Munster and his wife became separated, the husband escaping, leaving his wife in the burning building. Reports soon after reached his ears that his wife had perished in the flames, and the poor fellow at once lost his reason. He procured a pistol and went up into Mr. Conroy's sleeping-room, which is on the northeast corner of Fourth and Olive streets, and placing the muzzle of the pistol against his right temple, fired a shot which sent him into eternity without a struggle.

A most pathetic scene was witnessed by many of the spectators on the Fourth street side. Just as the danger appeared most imminent, in the fifth story window, upon a background of lurid flame, might be seen the profiles of a man and woman, shaking hands and taking a last farewell of each other. They had stood at the window and appealed for aid until hope gave out, just when they felt the volumes of smoke overcoming them and saw the flames, apparently stretching toward them with rapid strides, they fell into each other's arms, and were evidently prepared for the worst.

Asheville *Citizen:* We learn that on last Sunday night the convicts guarded at the middle stockade, between Henry's and the Swannanoa gap, on the W. N. C. R. R., attempted to escape in a body, there being the rise of a hundred and fifty in the stockade. The attempt proved both futile and fatal, nine of the prisoners being killed outright and fourteen wounded by the guard. We learned none of the particulars other than the facts stated above.


It may save your life, for it cures your cold and cough. Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. Buy it. Try it. It never fails. Only costs 25 cents a bottle.


## SOUTH CARCLINA.

### THE SURRENDER.

**Correspondence Between Chamberlain and Hampton—The Bogus Governor Strikes His Flag—His Farewell Address.**

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA,
EXECUTIVE CHAMBER,
COLUMBIA, S. C., April 10, 1877.

SIR:—Having learned that you now purpose to turn over to me the Executive Chamber, with the records and papers belonging to the Executive office, now in your possession, I beg to inform you that I will send a proper officer to receive the same at any hour you may indicate as most convenient to yourself.

I am very respectfully your obedient servant.

[Signed] WADE HAMPTON.
Governor.

To Hon. D. H. Chamberlain.

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA,
EXECUTIVE CHAMBER,
COLUMBIA, S. C., April, 10, 1877.

SIR:—Replying to your note of this date, I have to say that my Private Secretary will meet such officer as you may designate at 12 m., to-morrow, at the Executive Chamber, for the purpose indicated in your note.

Very respectfully,
[Signed] D. H. CHAMBERLAIN,
Governor South Carolina.

To Hon. Wade Hampton.

No excitement whatever. All seem to take the result as proper for the future of the State.

The surrender of the government to Hampton is preceded by an interesting and dignified statement of the situation by Chamberlain.

Chamberlain's address to the Republicans of South Carolina concludes:

"But the edict has gone forth. No argument or considerations which your friend could present have sufficed to avert the disaster.—No effective means of resistance to the consummation of the wrong are left. The struggle cannot be prolonged. My strict legal rights are, of course, wholly unaffected by the action of the President. No court of the State has jurisdiction to pass upon the title to my office. No lawful Legislature can be convened except upon my call. If the use of these powers promised ultimate success to our cause I should not shrink from any sacrifices which might confront me. It is a cause in which, by the light of reason and conscience, a man might well lay down his life, but to mind my present responsibility involves the consideration of the effect of my action upon those whose representative I am. I have hitherto been willing to ask you, Republicans of South Carolina, to risk all danger and endure all hardships until relief should come from the government of the United States; that relief will never come. I cannot ask you to follow me further. In my judgment I can no longer serve you by further resistance to the impending calamities. With gratitude to God for the measure of endurance with which he has hitherto inspired me, with gratitude to you for boundless confidence in me, with profound admiration of your matchless fidelity to the cause in which we have struggled, I now announce to you, and to the people of the State, that I shall no longer actively assert my right to the office of Governor of South Carolina.—The motives and purposes of the President of the United States in the policy which compels me to my present course are unquestionably honorable and patriotic. I devoutly pray that events may indicate the wisdom of his action, and that peace, justice, freedom and prosperity may hereafter be the portion of every citizen of South Carolina.

[Signed] D. H. CHAMBERLAIN.
Governor of South Carolina.

SENATOR PATTERSON MAD.

WASHINGTON, April 10.—The news of the withdrawal of the troops and surrender of Chamberlain to the inevitable rule of Hampton completely demoralized his adherents here, who have boastfully declared he would fight the thing out in the courts and in Congress through his friends.

Senator Patterson was at the White House this morning to have a final interview with the President, and protest against the removal of the troops at Columbia. Owing to the Cabinet being in session he did not see the President.—He is quite discouraged to-day, and, though he has sent repeated telegrams to Chamberlain, he has failed to receive a response. He said to-day, "You hear that bell striking 12 o'clock? It sounds the death-knell of the Republican party in the South." Patterson is apprehensive that Chamberlain has weakened and that he will abdicate and leave the State-house and give up the archives of the State without a struggle.—He says that Chamberlain left here last week with plenty of nerve and backbone, and meant to hang on. He thinks that when Chamberlain reached home he found the action of the President in deciding to withdraw the troops had thrown the party into a panic, and he had nothing to rally upon. "You see," said Patterson, "our party down there isn't like the party you fellows have been used to at the North.—We, (that is the Republican party) in the South were created by an act of Congress, and the negroes associate the Government and the troops with the party. Now, if you take the troops away the party goes up, for the negroes there think the Government has deserted them. Now, if Hayes had gone into office with a good round majority, and hadn't need the vote of South Carolina and Louisiana, why he could have pursued his Southern policy with a better grace. But the Republicans of the South had shed blood for the party, and hence the ingratitude is all the more cutting. And yet, what do you think?" said Patterson: "Why, by God, because I tell those fellows that I am going to vote to let Butler into the Senate they say I am a Democrat, yet Hayes recognized Hampton, who is a Democrat, and wants me to keep Butler out of the Senate. Well, I ain't going to do it with my vote. I will tell the friends of Hayes that I will see him in hell first." "Why," continued Patterson, "this fellow Hampton would put me in the penitentiary if he could. They have been making their boasts in Columbia that they will have to build one or two more penitentiaries to accommodate the carpet-baggers." "You see," said Patterson, "that Cainhoy massacre was a God-send for us. I tell you if it hadn't been for that massacre we should have lost Charleston county, and Hayes could not have carried the State. Why, we lost 160 Republicans killed during the campaign, and over 700 arrests were made; but I understand that arrangements have been made with Hampton to *nolle pros.* all the cases. I tell you what we carpet-baggers ought to do: why damn it we ought to resign and let the Democrats get the Senate." A friend here suggested that Senator Spencer had said that he be damned if he was going to resign. Patterson continuing: "Well, we ought to all resign. I can't understand what Hayes is driving at." The friend said he could. "Why, he is selling out his party. Talk about dividing the Democratic party South. Why it's all moonshine.—Hayes knows it is. He is deliberately selling out his party, and it is given out that he will divide the Southern Democrats so that the real infamy of the apostacy will be surrounded with this glamour, and the people won't see the real object in all its foulness. He has sold us out."

DAVIDSON COLLEGE.—The catalogue of Davidson College for 1876–77, shows that there have been eighty-one students at the college during the year, twelve of whom will graduate this summer. Nine Southern States are represented. The annual commencement exercises come off on the 28th of June. The Alumni Association holds its annual meeting on the day before commencement.—*Charlotte Observer.*

LIPPINCOTT'S MAGAZINE for May is an unusually varied number. Of the illustrated articles, "Down the Rhine," the first of a series by Lady Blanche Murphy, is noticeable both for the exquisite engravings and its agreeable sketches of famous old towns, romantic scenery, and the quaint customes and primitive habits of the Alsatian peasantry. "Parisian Club Life," is described at length by C. H. Harding, while Chauncey Hickox discusses briefly some of Schliemann's discoveries, and gives the welcome intelligence that the great explorer is about to revisit America. Of stories, "The Abbess of Eschn," by Robert A. McLood, has a tragical interest; a humorous love story, called "A superfluity of Naughtiness," by Edward Bellamy; and "A Queen of Burlesque," which is both odd and pathetic, and is evidently drawn from real life. There are poems by Emma Lazarus, Mary B. Dodge, and other writers. The contents are of a thoroughly popular and attractive character.

NO ARRESTS WITHOUT WARRANT.—It is stated that Judge Dick has informed Wagoner, revenue agent, that no more arrests must be made for violation of the internal revenue laws without a warrant issued by the proper officer. The law requires that a warrant shall be issued in every case before a party is arrested, except in cases of felony, and then only when the offender is about to escape.

GUILFORD COUNTY.—The County Commissioners of Guilford have ordered an election to be held on the first Thursday in June on the question of appropriating $100,000 railroad subscription—$50,000 to the Fayetteville road, and $50,000 to the Mt. Airy Narrow Gauge.

If the citizens of Guilford county lack for speakers during that Railroad campain, Forsyth can send a few experienced hands.

## News of the Week.

### STATE NEWS.

Revenue Collector Mott means reform, if we may judge from a recent circular he issued.—He says the bad conduct of the men in the service, and their consequent unpopularity, compel him to adopt the rule, which will be strictly adhered to, that he will keep no one in the service who takes a drink of liquor. If they are willing to conform to the rule they can write a letter to this effect, otherwise he will ask that their commissions be revoked.

Raleigh *Register:* For the week ending April 8th, patents were issued to citizens of this State as follows: J. G. Hester, Dutchville, tobacco hangers; H. P. Meggs, Polkton, corn shelling implement; W. H. House, Bennett's Cross Roads, horse-power.

Raleigh *News:* It is stated in this city upon good Republican authority, that Gen Robt. M. Douglass, United States Marshal for the State of North Carolina, and Virgil S. Lusk, Esq., United States District Attorney for the Western District of North Carolina, will soon be asked for their resignations. It is stated that the reason for this is the fact that the bearing of these two officers and their subordinates towards persons charged with illicit trafic in whisky in the West has been such as to bring the Republican party into great disrepute, and that for this reason the administration has determined to throw them overboard.

Concord Presbytery met on the 28th ult., at Franklin Church, Rowan county. Rev. J. H. Thornwell and Dr. Beall were elected commissioners to the General Assembly which will meet in New Orleans in May next—Rev. J. Rumble and C. R. White were elected alternates. Mr. A. W. White, a member of Rocky River Church, was received under the care of the Presbytery as a candidate for the ministry. The next meeting of the Presbytery will be held at Mooresville, Iredell county, in September next.

Snow on the Grandfather and Black mountains, April 10th.

Three women drilled a hole through the walls of the Wilmington jail and made good their escape.

Statesville *American:* Milton Stamper, who escaped from the jail last year but was re-captured and is now confined therein, recently cut apart with a piece of glass, several bolts and an iron bar of his cage, when it was opportunely discovered by the efficient jailor, Mr. Tomlin, and his anticipated escape prevented.

WHALING IN CARTERET.—The whale fisheries have captured two more whales. Since the introduction of the whale-gun it is not so difficult or dangerous to capture a whale as it used to be. Formerly a harpoon was thrown into the whale, with a rope attached; this required the boat, in pursuit, to approach the whale very closely, and there was danger of being dashed to pieces. But now the whale is shot with the whale-gun. The missile thrown from this gun is an explosive ball or what you may call a small bomb-shell. It is so aimed as to penetrate the lungs. If the work is well done, the monster begins instantly to spout blood, then the fishermen know that they will soon have him under easy control.—*Magnolia Record.*

Mr. Tom Slade, of Caswell, was badly beaten by Bucks, a buck negro. His skull was broken, and he is lying in a most critical condition. Bucks fled, but was captured, and is now in jail.

The Concord *Sun* says that Messrs. W. J. Hill & Co., of that place, are manufacturing sassafras oil, and also propose to furnish parties with information and pipes for $5. They say a complete outfit ready for work will not cost more than $15, by which from two to three dollars a day can be made.

CADET APPOINTMENT.—Hon. Thos. S. Ashe, has appointed Master William David Pemberton, of Stanly county, cadet to the West Point Military Academy. Master Pemberton will enter the Academy on the first of next July.—*Concord Sun.*


## PAPER HANGINGS.

Persons wishing WALL PAPER of beautiful designs, both fine and common, can select for themselves, from our samples at the BOOKSTORE, where orders will be filled at short notice.

L. V. & E. T. BLUM.
Salem, N. C.

## VANCE PORTRAIT.

A very fine **LITHOGRAPH PORTRAIT**, 14 x 18 inches of Governor Vance, bearing his own autograph, framed neatly in 1¼ inch walnut moulding, (ready to hang in parlor) sent by express for **$1.50**. The picture without frame sent to any address by mail, free of postage, for **50 cts.** This is pronounced by all to be an excellent likeness of our worthy Governor and it should be in the home of every true citizen of the "Old North State." **A Wide Awake Agent,** gentleman or lady, is wanted in every Township. Address, J. S. TOMLINSON,
"PIEDMONT PRESS,"
Hickory, N. C.

**MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS** suitable for presents, cheap at the SALEM BOOK STORE.

**MRS. J. E. MICKEY** has just received a New and Fashionable Stock of Spring Millinery Goods, at popular prices.


## THE MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY E. A. WOMMACK & CO.
SALEM, N. C.

| | |
|---|---|
| **BACON AND LARD:** | |
| Western Sides, | 12 to 12 |
| Country, | 11½ to 14 |
| Shoulders, | 11 o 12½ |
| Hams, | 15 to 18 |
| Lard, | 12 to 15 |
| **GRAIN:** | |
| Corn, | 65 to 70 |
| Wheat, | $1 40 to 1 50 |
| Oats, | 00 to 60 |
| Flour (per 100 lbs.) | 3 50 to 4 00 |
| Meal, " " " | 2 00 to 2 25 |
| Chops, " " " | 1 50 to 1 75 |
| Rice, Carolina, | 10 to 12 |
| Flax Seed (per bushel,) | 125 to 0 00 |
| **PRODUCE:** | |
| Apples, green, | 1 00 to 0 00 |
| Eggs, | 10 to 00 |
| Butter, | 20 to 25 |
| Feathers, | 50 to 60 |
| Beeswax, | 25 to 30 |
| Potatoes, Sweet, | 00 to 0 75 |
| " Irish, | 75 to 1 00 |
| Hay, | 50 to 60 |
| Orchard Grass (per bushel) | 3 50 |
| Millet Seed (per lb.) | 8 |
| **GROCERIES:** | |
| Coffee, | 25 to 30 |
| Sugar, | 11 to 12½ |
| Molasses, dark, | 30 to 50 |
| " syrup, | 60 to 85 |
| Salt, coarse, (per sack) | 1 40 to 1 50 |
| " fine, dairy " " | 2 15 to 2 20 |
| Soda, English, | 5½ to 10 |
| Black Pepper, sifted, | 30 to 40 |
| Alspice, | 30 to 40 |
| Cheese, old country, | 18 to 20 |
| Candy, in box. | 12½ to 15½ |
| Higgins' Soap, per bar, | 8½ to 10 |
| Armstrongs' Soap, per bar, | 5 to 10 |
| **OILS:** | |
| Lamp Oil, | 50 to 50 |
| Linseed, | 1 15 to 1 25 |
| Sweet, | 1 25 to 0 00 |
| Castor, | 0 00 to 0 00 |
| Machine, | 1 25 to 3 00 |
| **NAILS AND IRON:** | |
| Old Dominion, 10d, | 3 60 |
| " " 8d, | 3 85 |
| " " 6d, | 4 10 |
| " " 4d, | 4 40 |
| Hammered iron, | 5½ to 6 |
| Moulds, | 6 to 6½ |
| Tire, | 3½ to 4 |
| **LEATHER AND HIDES:** | |
| Sole, | 26½ to 30 |
| Upper, | 40 to 75 |
| Harness, | 37 to 40 |
| Hides, dry, | 8 to 10 |
| " green, | 5 |
| **LUMBER AND SHINGLES:** | |
| Heart Fine Lumber, | 1 50 |
| Ordinary " | 1 25 |
| Long Leaf Pine Shingles, | 4 50 to 5 00 |
| Hoop Poles, | 3 to 4 |
| **YARNS AND SHEETINGS:** | |
| Fries' Yarns, | 95 to 1 00 |
| " Sheeting, A | 8 |
| " " B | 7½ |
| " Cotton Batting per dozen, | 2 25 |

### WINSTON TOBACCO MARKET.

| | |
|---|---|
| **LUGS.** | |
| Common, | $ 5 00 to 6 50 |
| Good working, | 6 50 to 8 00 |
| Bright medium smokers, | 10 00 to 13 00 |
| Fancy smokers, | 12 00 to 25 00 |
| **LEAF.** | |
| Common, | $ 6 00 to 8 00 |
| Good, | 8 00 to 10 00 |
| Fine, | 12 00 to 18 00 |
| Medium wrappers, | 10 00 to 15 00 |
| Yellow do. | 20 00 to 30 00 |
| Fancy do. | 35 00 to 50 00 |
| Mahogany medium, | 12 00 to 20 00 |
| do. good. | 20 00 to 30 00 |

### DANVILLE TOBACCO MARKET.

| | |
|---|---|
| **LUGS:** | |
| New Common | $ 4 00 to 5 00 |
| " Good | 5 00 to 6 00 |
| Common Bright, | 8 00 to 10 00 |
| Good " | 10 00 to 12 00 |
| **LEAF:** | |
| Common | 6 00 to 8 00 |
| Good. | 10 00 to 12 00 |
| Common Bright | 15 00 to 20 00 |
| Good " | 25 00 to 40 00 |
| Old wrappers, common | 15 00 to 20 00 |
| " " good | 25 00 to 30 00 |
| " " Fine | 35 00 to 40 00 |
| " " Extra | 45 00 to 60 00 |

NEW YORK, April 16.—Flour, $ 6 80 a $8 00; wheat, $1 50 a $1 65; corn, 65 a 66; gold, 107¼.

BALTIMORE, April 16.—Corn 61 a 62; bacon, 6¼ a 9½; flour, 6 a 8; wheat, 155 a 1 65.

RICHMOND.—Tobacco, common lugs 4 a 5; medium to good 5 50 a 6 50; common leaf, 6 a 7; medium to good, 8 a 11 and 12; black wrappers, common, 11 a 12; medium to good, 13 a 14; wrappers, common to medium, 14 a 20; good to firm, 25 a 40. Wheat, $1 75a 1 80. Corn 53c. Bacon 7 a 10. Flour 6 75 a 7 00.

FAYETTEVILLE, April 12.—Bacon, 10 a 11; flour, 5 a 7 50; wheat, $1 50; corn, 75; oats, 55; lard, 12; whisky, rye, 2 50, corn, 2 00; apple brandy, 2 25.

CHARLOTTE, April 13.—Corn, 60 a 65; oats, 45 a 50; flour 4 00 a 3 25; whiskey, $1 65 a $1 75; brandy, $2 25; bacon, 9½ a 10.


## Summer School.

MRS. E. B. and Miss F. E. RIGHTS will open their SUMMER SCHOOL in Kernersville, N. C., **May 14th.**

Besides the regular English branches, French and Music, both Piano and Organ will be taught. Particular attention will be paid to Vocal Music.

For particulars concerning board and tuition, apply to the above.

April 12, 1877.–15-2m.

## TOWN ELECTION.

NOTICE is hereby given that an election will be held in the Commissioners' Hall, in the town of Salem, on the 1st Monday in May, 1877, for the election of a Mayor and Seven Commissioners, of said town, for the ensuing year A. FOGLE,
L. N. CLEMARD, Secretary. Mayor.

All voters who have not registered will please call at the Mayor's Office and do so, between now and the 31st inst. A. FOGLE, Mayor.
April 12, 1877.–4d

## NOTICE.

HAVING qualified as Executor on the estate of John M. Stafford, deceased, all persons having claims against the deceased are hereby notified to present them, legally authenticated, for payment, on or before the 8th day of March, 1878, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery.

And all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to come forward at once and settle.

GEORGE E. NISSEN,
FRANK P. STAFFORD,
Executors of John M. Stafford, deceased.
Forsyth County, N. C., March 8, 1877.–15-6wpd.

## NOTICE.

On the 1st day of April, 1877, the firm heretofore existing, and known as Ebert & Co., consisting of E. A. Ebert and R. L. Patterson, was dissolved by mutual consent; E. A. Ebert becoming sole owner and proprietor, all settlements to be made with and by him.

The business will be continued at the old stand, where the public will find a complete and unassortable line of goods, perfect in every department, and at bottom prices. E. A. EBERT.

**WALL PAPER.** Assortment of Paper, just received at the BOOK STORE.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

**Wonderful Success! $6,000 of the CENTENNIAL EXPOSITION Described and Illustrated**

Sold in 60 days. It being the only complete *low price work*, [770 pages, only $2.50,] treating of the entire *history, grand buildings, wonderful exhibits, curiosities, great days, etc.; Illustrated*, and $1 cheaper than any other; *everybody wants it.* One new agent cleared $3.50 in 4 weeks. 5,000 agents wanted. Send quickly for proof of above opinions of officials, clergy and press sample pages, full description, *extra terms.* HUBBARD BROS., Pubs., 738 Sansom St., Philadelphia.

*CAUTION!*—BEWARE of falsely claimed official and worthless books. Send for *proof.*

**$66** a week in your own town. Terms and $5 outfit free. H. HALLETT & CO., Portland, Maine.

**GEORGE PAGE & CO.**

**$55 to $77** a Week to Agents. $10 Outfit Free. P. O. VICKERY Augusta, Maine.

**$12** a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Me.

**25 Extra Fine Mixed Cards,** with name, 10 cts., post-paid. I. JONES & Co, Nassau, N. Y.

## Drunkard Stop!

C. C. BEERS, M. D. [formerly of Boston] has a harmless cure for *INTEMPERANCE*, which can be given without knowledge of the patient. Also one for the

**OPIUM HABIT,**

Permanent cures guaranteed in both. Send stamp for evidence. Ask druggists for it.—Address, BEERS & CO., Birmingham, Conn

**WANTED.**

Men to travel and establish agencies in every town for our new and perfectly fire-proof Glass Chimneys and Lamp. Business permanent; sells easy; no peddling. FIRESIDE M'F'G Co., Pittsburgh, Pa.

**$5 to $20** per day at home. Samples worth $5 free. STINSON & Co., Portland Me.

## Don't Purchase YOUR GOODS Until You Examine PATTERSON & CO'S SPLENDID STOCK.

WE PROPOSE

**"TO FILL THE BILL"**

For all articles needed in this country, and to sell at

**UNUSUALLY LOW PRICES**

We shall receive invoices of new goods every week during the Fall season, and will be prepared to supply

**Wholesale & Retail Customers.**

We invite a visit from every one wishing to purchase the best articles for the least money.

**PATTERSON & CO.**

Salem, N. C., July 15, 1876.

## SHOE SHOP.

**JOSEPH KNAUSS**

IS prepared, at all times, to make and repai

**BOOTS AND SHOES,**

at his old stand, opposite the Salem Hotel.

☞ If absent from his shop, work left at the BOOKSTORE will receive prompt attention.
Feb. 22. 1877–3.

## Legislative Record,

giving the Acts passed at the session ending March, 1877, together with sketches of the Lives and Public Acts of the Members of both Houses, by R. A. Shotwell and Nath. Atkinson. For sale at the SALEM BOOK STORE.

March 15, 1877.

## TAKE NOTICE!

ALL PERSONS are hereby notified not to trespass in any way, shape or manner, on or upon the land and premises belonging to the estate of the late Dr. A. T. Zevely, situated in Forsyth county; and are forbidden to cut any trees, or remove any wood, timber, fruit, or anything else, from the said land and premises; hunting and trapping on the lands is also forbidden, under penalty of law.

L. V. BLUM, *Executor.*
Salem, N. C., May 31, 1876. 3m.

**Business Man's Combination PENCIL.**

**40,000 Sold in New York.**

IT CONTAINS KNIFE, PEN, PENCIL AND RUBBER, being useful, economical, portable and ornamental.

It is an article every man needs and should have.

**ONLY 25 CENTS.**

April 5, 1877. at the BOOK STORE.

**GARDEN SEEDS.**—Warranted fresh and genuine, at ZEVELY'S Drug Store. Call early, as they are selling fast.

**CHROMOS** Cheap, Cheaper, Cheapest small Chromos, at BOOKSTORE.

## LOCAL DIRECTORY.

### *Post Office Directory.*

Salem, N. C. Post Office Arrangements.—Office hours from 6 o'clock, a. m, to 6 p. m., during the week. As no mail arrives or departs on Sunday the office will not be opened on that day.

TIME OF ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

RAILROAD, from Greensboro to Salem closes every day, except Sunday, at 7, a. m. Due every day, except Sunday, by 7:27, p. m.

MOUNT AIRY, via. Winston, Old Town, Bethania, Five Forks, Dalton, Pilot Mountain, Flat Shoals and Tom's Creek. Closes Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6:30, a. m. Due Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, by 7, p. m.

MADISON, via. Winston, Sedge Garden, Germanton, Walnut Cove and Sauratown.—Closes, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6:30, a. m. Due Monday, Wednesday and Friday by 5, p. m.

HUNTSVILLE, via. Clemmonsville, Lewisville and Panther Creek. Closes Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6:30, a. m. Due Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday by 3, p. m.

FULTON, via. Friedberg, Miller's Mill and Elbanville. Closes every Friday at 6:30, a. m. Due every Saturday by 8, a. m.

RICHMOND HILL, via. Mount Tabor, Vienna, Red Plains and East Bend. closes every Friday at 6½, a. m. Due every Saturday by 2, p. m.

H. W. SHORE, P. M.

### *Lodge Directory.*

SALEM LODGE, NO. 36, I. O. O. F.
Meets every Tuesday night, at 8 o'clock, in the hall over Siddall's Store. C. A. FOGLE, N. G.
ED. FULP, Secretary.

SALEM ENCAMPMENT, NO. 20, I. O. O. F.
Meets second and fourth Fridays of each month, at 8 o'clock. Same hall as above.
C. E. CRIST, Scribe. C. A. FOGLE, C. P.

SALEM LODGE, NO. 18, KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
Meets every Wednesday night, in same hall as Odd Fellows, at 8 o'clock. W. G. BAHNSON, C. C.
JNO. H. SHULTZ, K. of R. & S.

WINSTON CHAPTER, No. 24, ROYAL ARCH MASONS.
Meets in the Masonic Hall in Winston, first and third Friday nights in each month.
H. T. BAHNSON, High Priest.
C. S. HAUSER, Secretary.

SALEM LODGE, No. 289, A. F. & A. M.
Regular meeting (in same hall as Oddfellows) 1st Thursday night in each month.
E. A. EBERT, Sec'y. W. G. BAHNSON, W. M.


## JOB PRINTING

of every description neatly, expeditiously, and as cheap as anywhere else, executed at the

**SALEM PRINTING OFFICE.**


## LOCAL ITEMS.

SNOW on the mountains Friday.

DAVIDSON COURT in session this week.

THE CHURCHES were well attended Sunday.

RUNAWAY upon the streets Monday. No injuries sustained.

HIGH WATER upon the Yadkin River last week, doing no material damage, however.

SNAKES from out their winter quarters creep, and can be seen basking in the noon-day's sun.

THE SOUND that never ceases—that evening flute solo upon Happy Hill.

MR. E. A. STRUPE, tinner, has hung out a new sign.

ELM STREET S. S. ANNIVERSARY was postponed till next Sunday.

THE PREMISES of Mr. A. M. Jones have been greatly improved by application of the brush.

REV. S. F. CONRAD held prayer-meeting at Baptist Church Thursday evening.

MESSRS. CLARK & FORD are putting up a new residence in West Winston.

DON'T DELAY — Register at once. There'll be no Returning Boards.

BUTTER.—Show the clerk who is not bored when hearing the question, "have you any butter?"

THE TICKET.—Have concert of action and get municipal ticket ready. Certain parties have been caucusing.

WINSTON has two additions to the list of lawyers. Total number 7.

GEORGE GALLAWAY, an inmate of the Poor House, died last Wednesday.

DANGEROUS.—The foot-bridge across the creek on the way to Happy Hill.

TOBACCO.—One of the tobacco manufacturers informs us that orders for the weed have been received from Montreal, Canada.

SICK.—We predict a sickly season, after 1st of May. Drug Stores are already taking the the place of groceries.

A NEW STREET, we learn is to be opened by the Gas House, a continuation of Elm Street.

THE FLOWER QUEEN, *A Cantata*, will be given at the closing of session of Salem Female Academy in the latter part of May next.

PERSONAL.—Thos. M. Cooper, our old acquaintance and former resident of this place among others, were at the Salem Hotel, last week.

SNOW.—Another very light hail and snow storm visited this place on the 13th, being our 17th.

THE PROPERTY South of Salem, familiarly known as the "Banner place," is undergoing repairs.

MEASLES.—The Cashier, Mr. Steadman, of Winston's National Bank, fell victim to the measles last week, C. L. Rights, Esq., filling vacancy *pro tem.*

THE LATEST NOVELTY—a lamp chimney, the tenacity of which is so great that a nail can be readily driven by it without fear of breaking.

MISS AGGIE BELO, one of our accomplished ladies, returned from Texas recently, where she has been spending the winter with relatives.

THE CONTINUOUS RAIN which prevailed for the past few weeks, has given our farmers a late start in preparations for corn planting.—This week the weather so far is fine.

WONDER if he intends changing nature's ebony tint—the 15th amendment man who purchased a box of Lilly White at the auction the other night.

THE TOBACCO PLANT BEDS are looking fine in this and the neighboring counties, the planter's inform us, and if the cause of last year's failure was from lack of plants, the crop this season will undoubtedly be large.

MR. I. G. MILLS and family of Savannah, Ga., were on a visit to this place last week, remaining several days. Mrs. M. was a pupil 18 years since, in S. F. Academy, coming purposely to visit the place of her former school days.

CRIS CUMBO, the vigilant and ever willing Revenue Assistant, was arrested in Winston, last week for recent misdemeanor upon the street. The case was heard before a Magistrate. Not less than four additional bills were brought against him, he giving bond in all.

THE SUPPER AT BOY'S SCHOOL HOUSE, Saturday evening, the proceeds of which were for the benefit of the poor in this vicinity, was not patronized as it should have been. Quite a respectable sum, however, was realized. The Cornet Band contributed liberally some fine music.

THE most fortunate canine of the present day is the one with a short caudal appendage, as he knoweth not the misery of drawing tin pans after him, at the rate of 20 miles an hour in the silent hours of night, disturbing the repose of all who sleep in his course.

PLOWS.—Large numbers of plows bearing the name of several prominent manufacturers are disposed of, the sales exceeding those of last season. Our farmers are beginning to see the advantage of good implements, more and more.

STUDY.—If all our young men, who have their evenings free, would devote the leisure hours to close study, reading books of merit, and not that worthless and exciting class of literature, which abounds so throughout the country, they would be much surprised at the advancement in general information, arrived at in a short space of time.

CHEAP GOODS.—Our Salem merchants offer superior articles of Goods at the very lowest prices they can be bought at anywhere.

APPLES.—Wagon loads of apples on the streets, this week. Rather high at $1.50 per bushel.

KEYS.—That ring of three or four keys,—one a very peculiar one,—has not yet been returned to this office, A liberal reward is offered for them.

THE FRUIT CROP.—The prospect for abundant crops of all kinds of fruit and berries, throughout this whole section of country, except in low lands, and along water courses, is good. If the next full moon is favorable, all danger of killing frosts is over this season.

SEE new advertisement of J. L. Fulkerson offering for sale a fresh supply of Spring and Summer Goods. Mr. Fulkerson's taste in the selection of his goods is well known, and the price sare low. Call and examine for yourselves.

REV. M. L. WOOD, Presiding Elder of Greensboro District of the Methodist E. Church, will hold a quarterly meeting in Winston on the 21st and 22nd inst.

THAT SPRING.—With the return of warm weather, early morning walks to the Mineral Spring are becoming common among the citizens of Salem and Winston. The water contains strong medicinal properties, being used as a tonic. Some fifteen or twenty dollars tastily expended could make *Spring Place* more attractive.

WORSHIP.—There are in Salem and Winston 7 houses of divine worship, 5 for the white and 2 for colored, denominations, composed of the Moravian, Methodist E., Methodist P., Baptist, and Presbyterian faiths. The Episcopalians anticipate building one soon.

A GOOD BUSINESS could be carried on by some competent Cooper, as Uncle Solomon with the advancement of age, finds himself unable to supply the demands in that line. Nearly every other trade, we believe, is represented here.

CIRCUIT COURT. — At the U. S. Court, in Greensboro, last week, Wm. Griffith, indicted for retailing, submitted and released on payment of costs.

The cases of Thos. Kefner and Wm. Griffith, for illicit distilling were continued until next term of the court.

PORTRAIT OF GOV. VANCE.—We have received from J. S. Tomlinson, Esq., Editor of the *Piedmont Press*, a handsome lithograph portrait of Governor Vance, one of Carolina's worthiest sons.

Mr. Tomlinson is anxious to secure an active agent in every town and township of the State.

Parties desiring portraits of this distinguished statesman, will address J. S. Tomlinson, Hickory, N. C.

For particulars see advertisement.

WILD GRAPES.—Mr. O. W. F. Doub informs us that he gathered over fifteen bushels of grapes in bunches, from a wild grape vine, in his yard. He supposes there might have been easily twenty bushels gathered, as a large quantity were left for the birds. He gathered some very nice bunches as late as December, after which the birds soon consumed the balance. These grapes are larger and finer than the common wild grape, and make an excellent wine. It is evidently a valuable grape, and might be still further improved by cultivation.

HUMBUGS.—We caution those who are tempted by advertisements liberally circulated, offering great inducements, to beware, as a pamphlet containing a list of these frauds was shown us, recently. Many fall victims, and still numbers persist in extending patronage, and we fear this vicinity is not exempt.—Patronize home dealers, and a full equivalent for your money is guaranteed.

SEE advertisement of Millinery Goods at Mrs J. E. Mickey's in Business Locals.

SICK.—We regret to announce that Dr. T. F. Keehln, one of the well known and highly esteemed physicians of this place, is suffering from a severe attack of disease of the heart.

Mrs. C. Van Vleck one of our oldest resident ladies, has for the past week been very ill.

THIEF!—Uncle Solomon Mickey, we learn, had his bread rations curtailed the other night by some hungry thief who visited his cellar.—About four or five bushels of corn were also taken from his crib the same night. The latter belonging to Mr. Mode Swaim.

WE NOTICE that a signal station has been put in operation by a couple of young people in this place, and every day, at certain hours, a couple of white handkerchiefs can be seen fluttering in the breeze, by those who know where said station is located.

THE FRIEDBERG GRAVEYARD, some 9 miles south of this place, numbers 747 graves. It was enclosed in 1772, over one hundred and five years ago. A healthy region this.

THROUGH an over-sight the table laden with every thing that could gratify the pallate, set by Mr. W. H. Hall, as the Easter morning's breakfast for Cornet Band, failed to be mentioned in the Easter programme. It was heartily enjoyed, and every one present will remember and look forward with pleasure for the annual return of this festive season. * * *

MOCKING BIRDS are again becoming fashionable as pets among our citizens, their gay warblings being heard in every direction. Some have undertaken the raising of these birds for shipment, their superior capacity as singers demanding good prices in northern markets. Wild birds of this species are quite numerous, filling the air with joyous notes, and who is there who delighteth not in listening to the Mocking Bird.

MR. HOMER D. COPE'S rendition of the Five Act Drama of "Damon and Pythias," in the Academy Chapel on Tuesday evening last, was a rare treat to a large and intelligent audience. Mr. Cope's elocutionary powers are of the highest order. The display of the ferocious, despairing, and melting tenderness of the human passions were truthfully and most naturally portrayed.

It is seldom that our people are favored with an opportunity of hearing such a literary entertainment, and we bespeak for the worthy gentleman a hearty and enthusiastic reception wherever he may go.

REVENUE RASCALITIES.—A wagon load of manufactured tobacco belonging to Dr. W. A. Lash, of Walnut Cove, Stokes county, was seized in Kingstree, S. C., a few weeks ago, by a revenue officer by the name of E. W. Ferris.—John W. Jones, who was trading for Dr. Lash, insisted that there was nothing wrong about his tobacco, but Ferris contended that the stamps were too old, but as Jones didn't scare any on that charge, Ferris changed his ground, and said that the stamps were not properly cancelled. The night after the arrest was made a proposition was made to Jones by two men, named Benjamin, merchants in Kingstree, to compromise the matter. Jones told them that his tobacco was all right but that he would be willing to pay fifteen or twenty dollars rather than be troubled, but Ferris asked $250 and five boxes of tobacco.—Jones declined to give it, but finally agreed to give $200 and two boxes of tobacco, which the revenue officer accepted. The money and tobacco were paid. Jones made an affidavit of the facts before a trial justice in Kingstree, and Dr. Lash has entered suit against the two Benjamins, the revenue officer Ferris, and a man named Fichner for the recovery of the bribe money and tobacco and $2,000 damages, and will also enter suit against them for conspiracy.—*Sentinel.*


### *GOOD ADVICE.*

Now is the time of year for Pneumonia, Lung Fever, &c., Every family should have a bottle of BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP. Don't allow for one moment *that* cough to take hold of your child, your family or yourself. Consumption, Asthma, Pneumonia, Croup, Hemorrhages, and other fatal diseases may set in. Although it is true GERMAN SYRUP is curing thousands of these dreaded diseases, yet it is much better to have it at hand when three doses will cure you. One bottle will last your whole family a winter and keep you safe from danger. If your are consumptive, do not rest until you have tried this remedy. Sample Bottles 10 cents. Regular size 75 cents. Sold by all Druggists.


### MARRIED,

In this county, on the 12th inst., by A. Fogle, Esq., at the residence of the bride's parents, Mr. JAMES TEAGUE to Miss MARY HEGE.

At the residence of the bride's father, Tuesday, April 10th, 1878, at 4 o'clock, P. M., by Rev. T. H. Pegram, Mr. WILEY F. KEITH to Miss BELLE D. TRANSOU. All of Forsyth County.

In Panther Creek township, Yadkin county, on Sunday evening, April 1st, by P. C. Jones, Esq., Mr. ANDREW PEDDICORD to Miss EMMA BROWN. All of that county.

By J. H. COX, Esq., on the 29th ult., Mr. THOMAS W. CREWS to Miss LUCINDA M. KRAUSE.

In Greensboro, on Thursday, April 5th, 1877, by Rev. W. R. Gwaltney, Rev. SIDNEY F. CONRAD to Miss BELLE BUCHANAN.

Near Clemmonsville, N. C., on the 8th of April, 1877, by S. S. Jones, Esq., Mr. ENOCH P. MULICAN to Miss JANE CATHARINE KRITSPHEAZER. All of Davidson county.

Near Clemmonsville, N. C., on the 15th of April, 1877, by S. S. Jones, Esq., Mr. FRANKLIN BEHFORD to Miss MARTHA SHEETS, daughter of the late George W. Sheets, dec'd. All of Davidson.

### DIED,

At his residence in Davidson county, 11 miles south of this place, Mr. ANDREW CLINARD, in the 84th year of his age. He was the father of our townsman, Mr. Livingston Clinard.

At her residence in Davie county, on the 11th inst., of pneumonia, Mrs. LISETTA DOUTHIT, relict of the late Stephen Douthit, and eldest daughter of the late Jacob Conrad, of this county.

At Oak Ridge, Guilford county, on the 27th ult., JOHN PERRY, aged 93 years.

On the 14th inst., in Guilford county, near Springfield, a daughter of Jay Hugh Bodenhamer, aged 15 years.

## BUSINESS LOCALS.


**ICE.**—Buy your ***Spring Water Ice*** of S. T. MICKEY, who will sell cheap to regular customers and deliver it during fruit season. no.14,2t.

**SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.**
**ARRIVALS EVERY WEEK.**
Just to hand a choice lot of
**BLACK HERNANI,**
both plain and fancy.
SUMMER CALICO, best quality,
WHITE PIQUE,
PIQUE WELTS,
TERRY CLOTH, &c., &c.
Latest importations of Ladies' 2 button KID GLOVES, in assorted spring shades at 75c per pair. A better quality at $1.00.
J. L. FULKERSON
Salem, N. C., April 18, 1877.

**LARGE LOT OF DIXIE PLOWS** just received. Casting for every part of plows always on hand at WOMMACK & CO'S.

**Splendid Lot of Medium Calicoes** and also CASSIMERE'S and KENTUCKY JEANS just received at WOMMACK & CO'S.

**Received this day 50 Pieces of** HAMBURG EDGINGS, and INSERTING. NEW and beautiful patterns at remarkably LOW PRICES.
Also a full assortment of materials for **Wax Flowers** at BLICKENDERFER'S NOTION AND VARIETY STORE.
Salem, N. C., Feb. 12th 1877.

**Clover, Orchard Grass & Millet Seed** just received at WOMMACK & CO'S.

**Hoes, Shovels, Spades, Wooden and** IRON RAKES AT WOMMACK & CO'S.

**FOR SALE.** Three beautiful lots on Depot Street, adjoining Mr. Tavis, two of which are corner ots. Apply at the
BOOK STORE.

**PAPER.** Just received an invoice of a lot of new style paper. Great bargain. are offered in white box paper at
BLUM'S STOREBOOK.

**STANDARD KEEPER.**
Having received he Measures and Weights from Saleigh, I am ready to seal all weights and measures.
R. A. WOMMACK, Standard Keeper.

**POOR GOODS**
ARE EXPENSIVE
**AT ANY PRICE.**
**BEST GOODS**
**ARE THE CHEAPEST,**
and can be found with
March 15, 1877. J. L. FULKERSON.

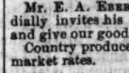
**NEW NOVELS,**
Just received at the SALEM BOOK STORE.
March 15, 1877.

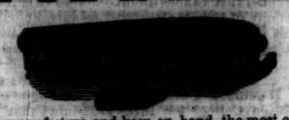
NEW CHECKERMEN AND BOARDS, of the latest and neatest styles at the BOOKSTORE.

MARK TWAIN'S SCRAP BOOK.—A few copies of this useful book for preserving Newspaper Scraps at the BOOKSTORE.

EDMUND BLUM. I. A. BLUM.
**EDMUND BLUM & CO.,**
**COPPER SMITHS AND TIN WARE MANUFACTURERS,**
***At the Well Known Stand on the Germanton Road North of the Court-House, Winston, N. C.***
**Repairing, Stove-Piping, House-Guttering** promptly attended to.
Thankful for past favors, they solicit a continuance of the same.
March 29th 1877.—no13.

**ALWAYS READY**
WITH
**SEASONABLE GOODS!**
THE UNDERSIGNED having secured the old stand of PFOHL & STOCKTON, have filled it with a very handsome and
**FRESH STOCK OF**
**General Merchandise,**
CONSISTING OF
**DRY GOODS**
**OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,**
*Notions, Groceries, Boots and Shoes, Drugs, Dye-Stuffs, Crockery, Hardware, Stationery, &c., &c., &c.,*
which they offer to the public
**AT REDUCED PRICES.**
Mr. E. A. EBERT, the managing partner, cordially invites his old customers and friends to call and give our goods an inspection.
Country produce taken in exchange for goods at market rates.
**E. A. EBERT.**
Salem, N. C., April, 5th, 1877.—14-tf.

**FURNITURE!**
**A. C. VOGLER,**
**SALEM, N. C.**
**On MAIN STREET, Second Door from** J. E. MICKEY'S Tin, Sheet-Iron and Stove Depot, has constantly on hand, and makes to order all kinds of FURNITURE, such as

**BUREAUS, BEDSTEADS, TABLES, &c.**
Which will be sold upon the most reasonable terms for cash.

I also invite the attention of the public to my assortment of
**CHAIRS,**
among which are CANE SEATS of every description; CANE and STOOL-SEAT ROCKERS; OFFICE CHAIRS; CHILDREN'S CHAIRS, &c., &c.
☞ Arrangements have been made to furnish to order any quality and any style of
NORTHERN FURNITURE, AT SHORT NOTICE.
Catalogues can be examined at my store and selections made.
**COFFINS!**

I manufacture and keep on hand, the most complete and desirable variety of COFFINS.
I also keep on hand the Cincinnati Coffin, made with solid bent sides, round corners, double top, French glass, and finely finished throughout.
**A. C. VOGLER.**
Salem, N. C., April 5th, 1877.—14 3m.

D. R. LEAK. **WINSTON** T. A. WILSON
**Marble and Granite Works!**
The undersigned respectfully announce that they have opened a first class
MARBLE & GRANITE YARD,
Where they are prepared to furnish
**MARBLE HEADSTONES, MONUMENTS, TOMBSTONES, MANTELS, &C., &C.**
Granite Work for Building and Graveyard purposes. All Monuments and Tombs executed in the
**FINEST STYLE!**
NONE BUT SKILLED WORKMEN EMPLOYED.
Orders from a distance solicited and promptly filled at prices that cannot be undersold.
Designs sent to any one on application, free of charge.
Country produce of all kinds taken in exchange for work.
All work warrented. Address
**LEAK & WILSON,**
June 27, 1876. WINSTON, N. C.

A NEW STOCK OF
**SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS AT MRS. DOUTHIT'S.**

SPRING AND SUMMER, 1877.
HAVING OPENED A NEW AND SPLENDID ASSORTMENT of Goods in my line, I offer them at such prices as bring them within the means of all to purchase the LATEST STYLES of NEW SPRING and SUMMER HATS AND BONNETS, SASHES, RIBBONS, FRENCH and AMERICAN FLOWERS, LACES AND EDGINGS, RUFFS AND RUFFLING. A large assortment of LADIES' TIES, LINEN and LACE COLLARS, KID & BERLIN GLOVES, BRAIDS & SWITCHES, HOSIERY & CORSETS. **NOTIONS.** COLGATE'S FINE TOILET SOAPS and many other articles in my line. **Jet Jewelry & Necklaces,** the latest and most beautiful styles just received.
Mrs. Douthit returns thanks for the very liberal encouragement received, and hopes to beable to please her friends and the public, in future.
Salem, N. C., March 29th, 1877.

**PROCLAMATION!**
WHEREAS, The Citizens of Winston, Salem and the public generally have patronized me liberally since I opened business here, and whereas I am not only thankful for this liberality shown but feel grateful,
*Therefore be it resolved,* That I will continue to keep a full line of
PURE DRUGS, MEDICINES,
PATENT MEDICINES, PAINTS,
OILS, VARNISHES, DYE-STUFFS,
STATIONERY, OILS AND RUM,
FOR TOBACCO MANUFACTURERS.
**Prescription Department**
filled with the best selected material.
*Therefore be it resolved,* That I will make it to the interest of buyers to call before purchasing elsewhere.
[SIGNED]
**SAMUEL H. SMITH,**
**Druggist and Pharmacist.**
March 29th, 1877. no. 13. WINSTON, N. C.

**J. & P. Coats' Thread.**
**Wholesale Prices Reduced to 65 cents per Dozen**
A Large supply just received, embracing all shades and colors.
Merchants will please send in their orders to
**PATTERSON & CO.**
Salem, N. C., Jan. 5th, 1877.

**LAMPS! LAMPS!!**
The largest stock of
**LAMPS**
I ever offered, Parties can now get a fine LAMP at manufacturer's prices. **J. L. FULKERSON.**
Salem, N. C.,—No.10.

**A VALUABLE BOOK FOR EVERYBODY!**

For Sale CHEAP at the Salem
BOOK STORE.

**LETTER PAPER.**
Just received a good lot of 8, 10 and 12 pound Letter Paper. Good finish and excellent quality. Sold by the quire, half ream and ream upon reasonable terms, at the Salem Bookstore.

**ONION SETS.** A Fresh lot of fine ***Onion Sets*** just received at ***ZEVELY'S DRUG STORE, Post Building, Salem, N. C.***

HARMONY.—A New Supply of the "Christian Harmony" singing book just received at the BOOKSTORE.

**MEMORANDUMS** in great variety at the SALEM BOOKSTORE.


**Piedmont Air-Line Railway.**
RICHMOND & DANVILLE, RICHMOND & DANVILLE R. W., N. C. DIVISION, AND NORTH-WESTERN N. C. R. W.

CONDENSED TIME TABLE.
In effect on and after Sunday, Mar. 11th, 1878.

GOING NORTH.

| STATIONS. | MAIL. |
|---|---|
| Leave Charlotte | 6.40 a. m. |
| " Airline Junct'n | 7.05 " |
| " Salisbury | 8.54 " |
| " Greensboro | 11.04 " |
| " Danville | 1.22 p. m. |
| " Dundee | 1.38 " |
| " Burkville | 5.36 " |
| Arrive at Richmond | 8.23 " |

GOING SOUTH.

| STATIONS. | MAIL. |
|---|---|
| Leave Richmond | 7.35 a. m. |
| " Burkeville | 10.28 " |
| " Dundee | 2.48 p. m. |
| " Danville | 2.52 " |
| " Greensboro | 5.10 " |
| " Salisbury | 7.31 " |
| " Air Line Junction | 9.27 " |
| Arrive at Charlotte | 9.35 " |

GOING EAST.

| | Read Down. | | Up. |
|---|---|---|---|
| L've Greensboro, | 11.05 A. M. | Arr. | 5.10 P. M. |
| " Co. Shops, | 12.25 " | L've. | 3.55 " |
| " Raleigh, | 3.45 P. M. | " | 12.20 " |
| Arr. Goldsboro, | 6.14 " | L've. | 9.55 A. M. |

NORTH WESTERN N. C. R. R.
(SALEM BRANCH.)

| MAIL. | |
|---|---|
| Leave Greensboro, | 5 20 p m |
| Arrive at Salem | 7 27 p m |
| Leave Salem, | 8 25 a m |
| Arrive at Greensboro, | 10 30 a m |

Passenger Trains leaving Raleigh at 12.25 P. M. connect at Greensboro with the Southern bound train; making the quickest time to all Southern cities.
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Engineer and General Superintendent.

## Tracked Eight Thousand Miles.

A MURDERER FOLLOWED TO OREGON AND ARRESTED—HIS CONFESSION.

John Heyworth, Chief of Police of Decatur, Illinois, arrived a few days since from Portland, Oregon, having in charge John E. Hoffman, arrested for murder committed on the 4th of last January in Piatt county, Illinois. Hoffman and Crumrig, were working for E. Frederick Delbridge, who had a farm in Macon county.—Delbridge made up his mind to go to Oregon to better his fortune, and Crumrig agreed to go with him. In conversation with Hoffman, Crumrig said that he was the possessor of about five hundred dollars and that it was to obtain possession this amount that Hoffman expressed a desire to accompany Crumrig, provided he could obtain three hundred dollars from his uncle who lived in the adjoining county. He induced Crumrig to accompany him to see if he could not get the money. The two set out from Decatur to Millville, and then walked over a snow covered road for a quarter of a mile, and there the crime was committed.

On the following morning, the body of the murdered man was found. The skull was crushed in, and as the pockets of the clothing were turned inside out, it became apparent that the crime had been committed for robbery.—Chief Heyworth was telegraphed for. He found that Crumrig wore boots on the inside of which was written the name of E. F. Delbridge. The chief made diligent search, and by advertisements and inquiry found the man who had made the boots, and through this discovered Delbridge, who stated that he had sold them to Crumrig. He was shown a picture of the murdered man, and identified it as that of Crumrig who had worked for him.

With this clew to work upon the chief got information which led him to suspect that Hoffman was the man who had committed the murder. He discovered that he had left for Oregon with his employer. He then obtained the requisite papers and a complete description of the two men, and started in pursuit. He telegraphed to different points along the railroad to have the men intercepted, but those who received the description failed to find them.—The chief tracked them to St. Louis, Omaha and San Francisco. He then learned that they had gone to Portland, and followed them. At that place he lost them, but found trace of them again in Salem. There he received information that they had gone to Portland. He reached Portland in time to learn that the men left for Oregon City. At Oregon City positive information as to the whereabouts of the two men was obtained. Delbridge had gone to a point twenty miles from Oregon city, to negotiate for the purchase of a farm, and Hoffman was working for a man named Meyers, in a pine forest, cutting railroad ties at a point six miles from Oregon City. The officers went to the house of Meyers, met the man's wife and explained their business; and with her permission remained in the house until Hoffman and the men working with him came to supper.—As soon as Hoffman came in Chief Hayworth placed irons on him. Chief Hayworth says when his trip is concluded and he once more sets foot in Decatur, he will have travelled 8,000 miles at a cost of over $1,000.—*San Fran. Call.*

## From a Second Cook to a Millionair's Berth.

A paragraph that Mr. King of Texas, the largest cattle owner in the world, has sent 30,000 cattle to market and that seventy herdsmen were required to care for them, has caused several river men to refresh their recollections.—From their remembrances Mr. King's career is a most remarkable one. It demonstrates what energy, brains, economy and enterprise, added to chance and luck, can accomplish, though the beginning be the most unpromising and at the least calculated for hope of future success.

The name of this Texas millionaire is Richard King. The river men call him "Mack."—He was born in New York, and about the year 1840, came from Pittsburg to the Chattahooche river as steward on the steamboat Tallaboosa. We are told that in those days and years the average life of a steamer on our river was four years, and that it was customary for the captains, who resided in the west, to carry their boats to Pittsburg for the summer for repairs, and return in the fall. They received enough freight on the round trip to pay expenses. It was the area of large floating palaces. side wheelers, now superceded by light draught stern wheelers. There were no railroads. Everything went to Apalachicola, and river men made barrels of money.

Mr. King in the position of steward plied the river several years. One gentleman remembers he was second cook in 1843. Later he went to Tampa, Florida, and in a short time he was engaged in service on government boats. Returning to Columbus, he became striking pilot under Captains Brockway and Windgate. Altogether he was on our river some seven or eight years in very subordinate positions.

About the middle of 1846 he, with Mr. John Sealy and others, went to Texas, and he became a pilot on the Rio Grande, on the steamer Corvette, commanded by Captain Kennedy. Engaging in speculation soon made him a partner. He bought a ranche, and the property increasing year by year, he now counts his stock by the hundreds of thousands and his possessions by millions. He owns a magnificent residence in Western Texas, and miles of the best land in the State. He continues as a steamboat owner.

The poor steward of thirty years ago is among the monied princes of the land. Fact is more marvelous than fiction. He has now a large family, and is giving the children the best of education. Mr. King is very kind, friendly and generous to his friends of the "days of yore." One visited Texas since the war and he gave him a fine steamboat, and all he entertains with a hospitable welcome. They still call him "Mack."

His wealth is estimated from two to seven millions.

He wrote to one of his friends since the war that he had just finished building a fence forty miles in length, and that it cost him a thousand dollars a mile. Those who know say cattle increases in value one-third every year.

Here is a man of brilliant success. When on our river he was not noted for special economy, but had his fun like the "other boys," and spent his money as freely. It is one of those instances where brains and pluck see their opportunity, take advantage of it, roll up their sleeves, go in and win. The opening was Texas, the time the Mexican war, the man found both, and found there was millions in it. He, partly though, drifted into enormous luck.—*Columbus Enquirer.*

# Poetry.

## THE DAYS ARE GROWING LONGER.

Along the bright horizon-line,
  Dividing earth from orient skies,
We look more northward for the sign
  Of light each morn as darkness dies;
Yon wood, toward which the sun slow creeps
  Will soon resound with chirping song
Throughout its still and solemn deeps—
  The days are growing long.

A week ago the sunrise blaze
  Left far to shadowy north yon spire;
This Sunday morn, the first bright rays
  Its belfry lights with gleam of fire,
That, shining through its window, seems
  An eye prophetic of the throng
Of joys with which the vision teems
  When days are growing long.

Life's day is growing long. We scan
  With curious, hopeful, awe-struck gaze
Life's dim horizon-line that man
  Must pass ere treading heavenly ways;
Our sun each day the zenith nears,
  We sit in memory's realm of song,
Like diamonds soon will gleam earth's tears—
  Life's day is growing long.

EARL MARBLE.

# Humorous.

## Fritz's Trouble.

Fritz has had more trouble with his neighbor. This time he determined to appeal to the majesty of the law, and accordingly consulted a legal gentleman.

"How vos dose tings?" he said. "Vell, a fellare's got a garden, und der odder fellare's got some shickens eat um up. Don't you got some law for dot?"

"Some one's chickens have been destroying your garden?" asked the lawyer.

"Straw in mine garden? Nein, it was vegetables."

"And the chickens committed depredations on them?"

"Ish dot so?" asked Fritz in astonishment.

"And you want to sue him for damages," continued the lawyer.

"Yaas. Got for tamages, und der gab ages, und der lettuses!"

"Did you notify him to keep the chickens off?"

"Yaas, I did nodify him."

"And what did he say?"

"He nodify me to go to haal, and wipe mine shin off down mine vest."

"And he refused to comply with your just demand?"

"Hey?"

"He allowed his chickens to run at large?"

"Yaas. Some vas large und some vas leedle fellares, but day scratch mine garden more as sefen times edch.

"Well, you want to sue him?"

"Yaas, I vant to sue him to make a plank fence up sixdeen feed his house all roundt, vot de dam shickens don't got over."

The lawyer informed him that he could not compel him to build such a fence, and Fritz left in rage, exclaiming:

"Next summer time I raise me shickens too, you bet! I raise fitin shickens, by shinks! Vipe off your vest down!"

## A Devil Fired at and Killed.

A strange story that is wafted from the north of Spain into the *Pall Mall Gazette* brings to mind a chapter in "Midshipman Easy." A landed proprietor refused to receive the consolations of religion. His family sent for the parish priest, but the sick man declined to receive him, and the priest withdrew, declaring that the devil would come in person to carry off so hardened a sinner as soon as he was dead.

A few hours afterwards the sick man died, and while the family were watching over the body the door of the room opened with a great noise, and there appeared upon the scene a personage arrayed in red, brandishing a pitchfork, dragging a long tail after him, and smelling very strongly of sulphur. His appearance created so much terror that the women present fainted, and the men rushed out of the room by another door. A man servant armed himself with a revolver and made his way to the room. For the moment he was terrified by the appearance of the devil, who by this time had got the body in his arms; but mastering his fears, he fired three barrels of his revolver at him, and the devil fell to the ground. His majesty proved to be the parish sexton, who by the orders of the priest had disguised himself as Satan. Four priests, who are suspected of complicity in this attempt to work upon the superstitious feelings of the family, have been taken into custody.

## Them's Um.

"I say, Cap'n," said a little-eyed man, as he landed from a steamer at Natchez, "I say, Cap'n, this 'ere ain't all." "That's all the baggage you brought on board, sir," replied the captain. "Well, see now, its according to list—four boxes, two chests, two ban'-boxes, a portmanteau, two hams (one part eat), three ropes inyons and a tea kettle; but I'm dubersome, I feel there's something short, though I've counted 'em nine times, and never took my eyes off 'em while on board; there's something not right, somehow." "Well, stranger, the time's up; there's all I know of; so bring up your wife and children, and we're off.—"Them's um, them's um! I knowed I forgot something."

The heart loves repose, and the soul loves contemplation, but the mind needs action.

It is better to retrace a wrong step than to pursue a wrong course.


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# Youth's Department.

### CROSSWORD ENIGMA—No. 5.

I am composed of 7 letters.
My first is in ginger, not in spice.
My second is in noon, not in night.
My third is in night, not in noon.
My fourth is in noon, not in night.
My fifth is in barn, not in house.
My sixth is in house, not in barn.
My seventh is in darkness not in light.

My whole comprises a sentence expressing what many a young man, and not a few young ladies, have wanted old folks to do at certain times.

### ENIGMA, NO. 6.

I am composed of 18 letters.
My 6, 2, 4, 17, is a garden vegetable.
My 14, 7, 11, 8, is a drink.
My 10, 13, 3, 5, 2, 1, is a carpenter's tool.
My 15, 16, 9, 18, 12, are places for bathing.
My whole is what should be taught to all children.

### SQUARE WORD—No. 7.

Write a square word; the first a title belonging to all things, the second a man's name, the third the name of something made of corn, the fourth a lady's name.

### PROBLEM—NO. 8.

A merchant sold 12 lbs. of coffee for $3.20; he sold a part of it at 28 cents per lb., and part of it at 24 cents per lb. How many pounds of each quality did he sell?

For the Youth's Department.

I am composed of 10 letters.
My 1 is in boy, not in girl.
My 2 is in east, not in south.
My 3 is in cake, not in dough.
My 4 is in knowledge, not in power.
My 5 is in eel, not in fish.
My 6 is in round not in long.
My 7 is in day, not in night.
My 8 is in island, not in land.
My 9 is in town, not in village.
My 10 is in ever, not in now.
My whole is the name of the sphinx column man in the *People's Press.*

For the Press.

MESSRS. EDITORS: I am composed of nineteen letters:
My 1 is in Bettie, but not in Sallie.
My 2 is in Lucy, but not in Addie.
My 3 is in Uriah, but not in Leander.
My 4 is in Mary, but not in Eva.
My 5 is in Sarah, but not in Maria.
My 6 is in Peter, but not in Noah.
My 7 is in Robert, but not in Obadiah.
My 8 is in Isaac, but not in Roland.
My 9 is in Naman, but not in Thomas.
My 10 is in Thadeus, but not in Henry.
My 11 is in Ida, but not in Cora.
My 12 is in Nancy, but not in Alice.
My 13 is in George, but not in Robah.
My 14 is in Oliver, and also in Obed.
My 15 is in Fannie, but not in Laura.
My 16 is in Frank, but not in Israel.
My 17 is in Israel, but not in Nathan.
My 18 is in Clarence, but not in Albert.
My 19 is in Edward, but not in U. S. A.

My whole is the name of a place where all kinds of Job Printing is done on reasonable terms; and is easily found. The name of the town and State in which this place is located, will be found in the last column of names.

Respectfully,
ASA JONES.


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**FOREIGN TRAVEL,**

we have "A Winter on the Nile," by Gen. McClellan; "Saunterings About Constantinople," by Charles Dudley Warner; "Out of My Window at Moscow," by Eugene Schuyler; "An American in Turkistan," etc. Three serial stories are announced:

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Another serial, "His Inheritance," by Miss Trafton, will begin on the completion of "That Lass o' Lowrie's," by Mrs. Hodgson Burnett. Mrs. Burnett's story, began in August, has a pathos and dramatic power which have been a surprise to the public.

There is to be a series of original and exquisitely illustrated papers of "Popular Science" by Mrs. Herrick, each paper complete in itself.

There are to be, from various pens, papers on

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Mr. Barnard's articles on various industries of Great Britain include the history of "Some Experiments in Co-operation," "A Scottish Leaf Factory" in the November number, "Toad Lane, Rochdale," in December. Other papers are, "The British Workingman's Home," "A Nation of Shopkeepers," "Ha'penny a Week for the Child," etc.

A richly illustrated series will be given on "American Sports by Flood and Field," by various writers, and each on a different subject. The subject of

**Household and Home Decoration**

will have a prominent place, whilst the latest productions of American humorists will appear from month to month. The list of shorter stories, biographical and other sketches, etc., is a long one.

The editorial department will continue to employ the ablest pens both at home and abroad. There will be a series of letters on literary matters, from London, by Mr. Wellford.

The pages of the magazine will be open, as heretofore, so far as limited space will permit, to the discussion of all questions affecting the social and religious life of the world, and especially to the freshest thoughts of the Christian thinkers and scholars of this country.

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O. H. PERRY, Supervising Agent.
J. W. FRIES, Agent, Salem, N. C.
Dr. V. O. THOMPSON, Agent, Winston, N. C.
Feb. 17, 1876. 1-1y

**LAND.**

Any one having land for sale in Forsyth or the adjoining counties would do well to correspond with the undersigned. State particulars as to location, nature of wood-growths, &c., and whether the land contains mica.

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